









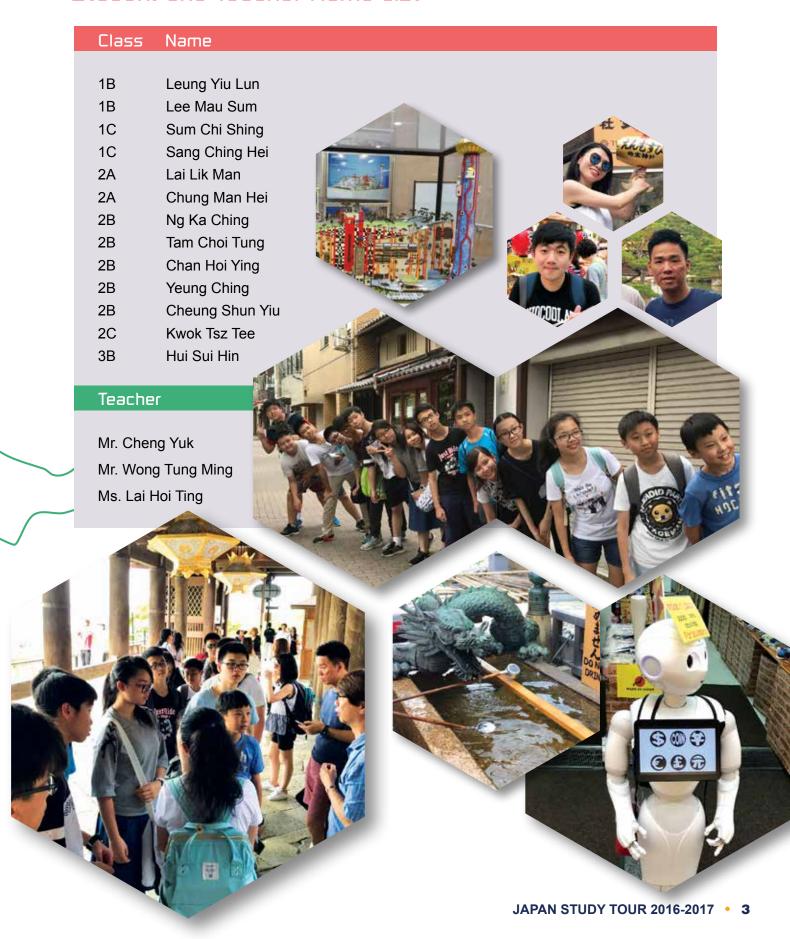


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Student and Teacher Name List





Schedule of Study Tour

Date	Schedule of Study Tour
Day 1 1/7/2017 (Sat)	 → Arrive Kansai International Airport → Visit the Shinsai Bashu
Day 2 2/7/2017 (Sun)	 → Arrive Kyoto shi → Visit the Kiyomizu Temple → Visit the Golden Pavilion Temple → Visit the Arashiyama Park and TogetuKyo Bridge
Day 3 3/7/2017 (Mon)	 → Visit the ERUKURUSAKAIKO → Visit the Osaka City Abeno Life Safety Learning Center → Visit the Panasonic Center Osaka
Day 4 4/7/2017 (Tue)	 → Visit the Maishima Incineration Plant → Visit the Grand Front Osaka → Visit the Osaka Castle Park
Day 5 5/7/2017 (Wed)	 → Arrive Kuromon Market and DIY Tako-yaki → Go to the Kansai International Airport and fly back to Hong Kong

Reflection from teacher

Technology and Culture Study Tour in Japan

Mr. Wong Tung Ming

The Technology and Cultural Study Tour to Osaka, Japan was held between 1st — 5th July, 2017. We had a big group of 15 students and 3 teachers. It was a fruitful trip and everything happened in Osaka was unforgettable to me.

During the 5-day trip, the whole group of students and teachers learnt a lot of new things. We visited one of the most famous temples in Japan — the Kiyomizudera. It was an old temple that has been added to the UNESCO world heritage list. Not only amazed by the beauty of the Japanese architecture of the temple, we also learnt a lot more about the culture of Kyoto. Apart from exploring the Japanese culture, we went on many excursions about technology. We went to many new places and took many nice photos. We went to the Kansai Electric Power, Grand Front Osaka, Panasonic Konosuke Matsushita Museum, Maishima Incineration Plant and many other famous tourist attractions and historical museums. All were so interesting and educational. The most impressive one for all of us must be the earthquake simulation

experience because none of us had actually experienced an earthquake before.

The trip was wonderful and what made it an even better one was our tour guide, Broth Fai. I enjoyed chatting and going out with him. He has been staying in Japan for more than 10 years and he is like an open history and culture book of the place. We all loved hearing his amusing and meaningful sharing about his life in Japan. With his guidance, I could see Japan from a much in-depth view.

I really learnt a lot during this trip. There is a famous Chinese saying,

Travelling thousands of miles is better than reading thousands of books'. It is really true that you can learn much more by actually travelling, seeing and experiencing the place by yourself. I understood more about my students and gained a lot of valuable experiences through this trip.

This trip was full of laughter. It was definitely a treasurable and memorable experience for all of us. I often recall those happy moments in Osaka and am looking forward to joining more study tours in the future with my colleagues and my students!



Technology and Culture Study Tour in Japan Mr. Cheng Yuk

Between 1st July and 5th July, 2017, fifteen students and three teachers went on a study tour in Kansai, Japan. The study tour

helped us to broaden visions, learn newest technology and understand different cultures of the participants.

It was the first time that I have joined the study tour held by our school. Since I have never been to Osaka before, it was a great pleasure for me to experience the meaningful trip with my students. The environment in Japan is very clean and beautiful. Through this study tour, we went to different famous historic monuments, such as the Arashiyama Park, Kiyomizudera and the Golden Pavilion to study the history and culture about Japan. When we went to the Kiyomizu Temple, we were told about the history of the temple.

There were three tributaries during the early Heian Period, which represented 'Beautiful, wealth and health'. It is a tradition that the local people and tourists will drink the spring water to receive the blessing. I drank the water with my students and I prayed for 'Health, wealth

and happiness for all my loved ones'.

We also visited the Sakaiko Powerplant and Mishima Incineration Plant to learn about the garbage disposal and electricity generation in Japan. At the Mishima Incineration, we witnessed the process of rubbish recycling. Every day a garbage truck will pick up the rubbish from the residents and transport it to the disposal field. The rubbish is burned into ashes. The most interesting part about the Incineration Plant was that it looked like a theme park and the tour guide told us that it was designed by Mr. Hunderwasser with the concept of harmonizing technology, ecology and art. To my surprise, this fashionable incineration plant can

process 900 tons of waste each day, and this facility can generate more power than the plant usage and thus it allows the plant to sell its surplus electricity

to other companies for additional income and add social value to the city. After that, we went to the Sakaiko Power Station. This power station uses water, fire, wind and other renewable source as the fuel to generate electricity. Finally, all of us went to the Active Lab at Grand Osaka Front and we were introduced with the latest technology from different corporations and universities.

This memorable study tour has brought all the participants a new life experience and knowledge. We were totally immersed in the Japanese culture and amazing technology in Japan.

Reflection from teacher

Technology and Culture Study Tour in Japan Miss Lai Hoi Ting

It was a wonderful experience for me to accompany the students to join the Kansai Study Tour. I believe

there is no education quite like the lessons of travel, the five-day tour allowed the students to immerse in the Japanese traditional culture and understand the advanced technology development in Japan.

To experience the innovativeness of Japanese, we visited The Lab at Grand Front Osaka to experience high technology, such as VR (Virtual Reality), AR (Augmented Reality) and MR (Mixed Reality). Students enjoyed trying different technological displays and the displays helped embark students' creativity. Besides, we visited my favourite spot throughout the tour, the artistic Maishima Incineration Plant which was designed by the renowned Austrian environmental conservation architect, Friedensreich Hundertwasser. Students were amazed that the incineration plant was as beautiful and colourful

as an amusement park. Also, it was not smelly and dirty as they imagined.

The plant is a popular mecca equipped with an incinerator and a crushing plant to handle bulky waste. It has the latest pollution prevention facilities and it uses the maximum heat generated to preserve the environment.

Besides, in order to explore the traditional side of Japan, we visited different monuments in Kyoto and Osaka, such as signature Kiyomizu-dera Temple (the temple is part of the historic monuments of ancient Kyoto UNESCO World Heritage site) and Osaka Castle etc. In Kiyomizu-dera Temple, students tried to drink water from the falls by collecting it in tin cups, the water from three different streams symbolizes health, longevity and success in studies. They had a special cultural experience.

This study tour offered students a valuable opportunity to experience advanced technology and traditional culture in Japan. It was remarkable and fruitful for me as well as the students.



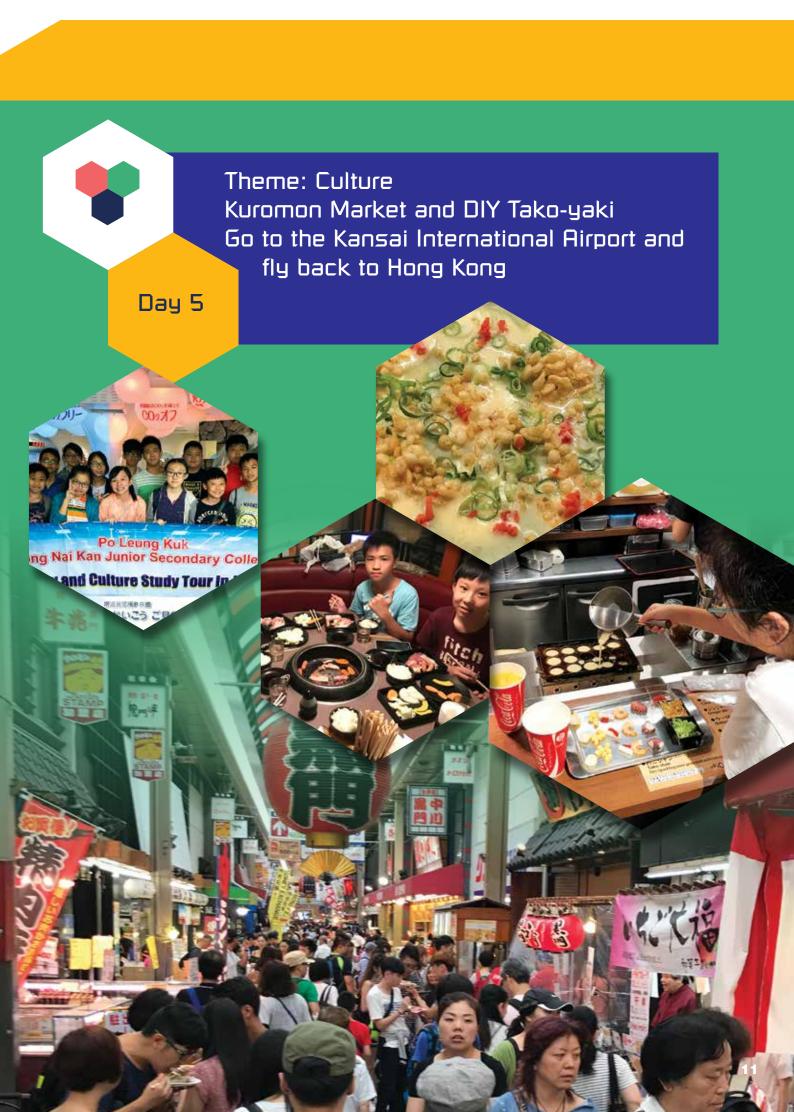
Day 1
Direct Flight to Kansai International Airport













Cheung Shun Yiu, Cody

Culture

We went to the Kiyomizu Temple on our first day. It was founded in the early Heian Period. There were three tributaries there, which represented "beautiful, wealth and health". It has been a tradition that people must not drink more than two types of spring water, or else the original meaning of being will be lost.

Next, we visited the Kinkaku (Rokuon-ji Temple). It is a Buddhist hall, which is called as a Shariden in Japan, which contains relics of Buddha. This is one of the most famous Shrines in Japan.

To conclude with the trip, I've learnt something about the Japanese culture.

In Japan, pointing at other people is a rude thing as this shows your impoliteness.

And for the environmental aspect, comparing to countries nearby, we can hardly find any rubbish along the street in Japan. I think Hong Kong can also try to adopt some similar policies about protecting the environment as I think policies in Japan should be quite efficient.



We also visited to the most famous multinational electronics company, Panasonic. It started in 1918 and was opened by Konosuke. It started to produce bicycle lamps in 1927, which was a huge success.

Then, we went to the Mishima garbage disposal field. We witnessed the process of the recycling of rubbish. Rubbish trucks help carrying people's rubbish from their houses to the disposal field, then these got burned into ashes. After that, we went to the Sakaiko Power Station. This power station uses water, fire, wind and also different types of fuel to generate power. The most shocking fact is that fire power is up to 1500°C and this power station is able to produce 400000 kW power!

Reflection

Through this journey, I've learnt about different traditions and the cultures of Japan, people are extremely polite and they obey the rules so well. I think we, as Hong Kong people should learn from them as well.

Moreover, by visiting museums, I have already learnt how a city generates power. It is a pleasure to visit to a Power Station and the Garbage Disposal Field as this would be bitterly hard for us to see in Hong Kong.

Last but not least, as a Hong Kong student, I admire Japanese so much. I think they are very humble, at least they say thank you all the time. But in Hong Kong, children hardly got to learn when and how to say "Thank you". The most amazing thing in this trip was that Japanese students squat to count the number of people. This trip is fruitful and I would like to share all these knowledge that I've learnt with my fellow schoolmates!



Hui Sui Hin, David

Culture

After staying in Japan for five days, I think that I could observe there is a large gap between the culture in Hong Kong and Japanese culture. let me make a few examples. When I was doing sightseeing, I could see that there were almost no rubbish bins on the streets and in shopping malls because Japanese are used to keep their waste and dispose their rubbish at home. But in Hong Kong, we can dispose our rubbish into the rubbish bins easily which are placed in every corner in Hong Kong. No one in Hong Kong would do such behaviors just like Japanese do.

The second Japanese culture that I really appreciate is that they are so responsible. For instance, they are willing to clean the road which is near his or her house or shops and there is no such thing called 'street cleaners' in Japan. In contrast, most of the streets in Hong Kong are cleaned by the workers who are employed by the government. I couldn't imagine how responsible the

Japanese are and we should learn them.

I discover that Japanese architecture is influenced by Chinese architecture after visiting Kiyoshi temple, kinkakuji Rokuonji Osaka city park. It is typified by wooden structures, elevated slightly off the ground with tiled or thatched roofs. These roof designs are very common. For example, every temple in Japan are designed with titled or thatched roofs just like the Chinese roofs. However, the ways or materials that Chinese used to design the walls are different. For example, Japanese like using sliding doors to build walls.

Technology

Japanese also pay a lot of efforts on environmental conservation while developing technology and this may be the reason why the air quality is quite good comparing to Hong Kong. Let's take the Maishima Solid Waste Incineration Plant of the Osaka

Environmental Bureau as an example, the gas produced

by burning waste is processed and filtered very carefully and the air quality around the plant is not that smelly. But

in Hong Kong, the gas produced by the incinerator is not processed and filtered and this pollutes the environment in Hong Kong.

Reflection

Travelling to Japan widens my horizons just like I am released from 'a cage' and I can see the world outside of the cage. I got very excited when learning Japanese culture and technology as this study tour gave me a really unforgettable travelling and learning experience. I will never forget what I have learnt as well as the memories with my study tour members.



Lee Mau Sum, Vance

Culture

I have realised that there aren't many rubbish bins in Japan. Many people keep the rubbish and throw them into the rubbish bins at their home. Japan is actually a very clean country. Also, Japanese are very polite. They always say good morning and thank you to others.

Technology

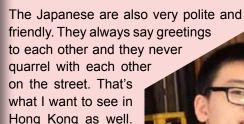
It is very different with the ways of handling rubbish in Japan as the rubbish trucks transport the rubbish to different places to collect rubbish. Then, the rubbish is burned in the landfill carefully. During the process, the smelly air will not flow out and the site will be contained. Also, we learn something about giving out electronic as there are some staff sitting in the control room. They can ensure the working materials are in good quality and standard.



I have learnt a lot about the Japanese culture. I also gained more insights of the technology in Japan. It is very advanced because they could handle

> well with minimal problems caused to the environment. They have a clear categorisation system, such as food, cans, bottles, and boxes. That is why Japanese have been doing so well in protecting the environment and I would like to see such action plans in Hong Kong, too.





always litter on the street. However, Japanese have been obedient and respectful when they are in public. I think it would be a good example for us to learn from.





Hong Kong people



Fan Pak Hei

Culture

We have witnessed the most important cultural property in Japan, the Golden Pavilion Temple in Osaka. The temple and its monasteries were listed as a part of the world cultural heritage and was first completed in 1397.

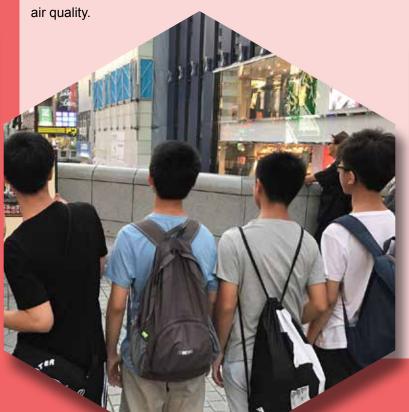
Technology

It was amazing to visit the Osaka City Abenaki Life Safety Learning Centre because we could learn a lot about how to protect the citizens when there is an earthquake around the city.

We could also visit the Sakaiko Power Station and witness how thermal, wind, hydroelectric and nuclear power generate. Japanese are making huge efforts as possible to keep the environment clean, such as installation of NOx Removal equipment which could remove nitrogen oxide and the drainage waste coming from the Sakaiko Power Station is cleansed by Wastewater Treatment Equipment.

Reflection

I think Hong Kong government can make use of the ideas of how Japanese power stations generate power in a greener way and maintain a better



RUKAS



Lai Lik Man

Culture

The Japanese cultures are very unique. First, the staff in the shops are very polite when you are shopping. They would greet customers by saying "Good morning" and "Goodbye" and it is the same even in convenience stores. I have also enjoyed browsing around the city. Shinsaibashi, a place which is famous for different types of shops and it is a main tourist attraction where tourists could try their famous Ramen in the restaurants. I missed the tasty noodles so much.

Technology

We visited the Friedensreich Hundertwasser, a famous building in Japan. The exterior design of the building is very beautiful, you will hardly see it as a refuse destructor plant. This complex makes use of advanced technology and the management team wants to bring technology to the world in order to benefit humanity and help improving the world.

Reflection

I have gained much from this study tour. I could learn so much from the Japanese cultures and their ways of using technology. As students, we can see the world in a better way as we understand more about cultural differences and benefit from them. Comparing between Hong Kong and Japan, I think Hong Kong should study more about practical ways and benefit from a good role model like Japan.



Sum Chi Shing, Ricky

Culture

Visiting The Golden Pavilion Temple and Kiyomizu Dera in Osaka was the best part to experience Japanese cultures, as these were first completed in ancient era. I have learned about some facet of these historical temples of Japan. I admire how Japanese could preserve the buildings nicely and the conservation work is so successful, for example, Ashikaga Yoshimitsu, the general maintained The Golden Pavilion with huge efforts and continued refurbishments throughout the years.

Technology

I have learnt about how the Osaka government could protect the environment and yet they still collect rubbish and handle the waste efficiently. There were examples demonstrated in Sakiko Power Station that we could witness the use of heat, wind energy in a clean and good way. We had some fun games about how to use energy wisely.

Reflection

During this five-day trip, I went to Kiyomizu Dera, Golden Pavilion, Shinsai base, Osaka City Environmental Bureau, Matsushita Konosuke history museum, Kuro no Ichiban, The Lab, Osaka City Park and others.

My favorite was the Matsushita Konosuke Hstory Museum because we could see and learn how Matsushita has started The Panasonic and the history of this company was fascinating as the owner, he finished schooling up to Primary four. We should also try to use energy wisely and to protect our city against







Kwok Tsz Yee, Marcus

Culture

We also visited the Golden Pavilion Temple of Kyoto, Kiyomizu Temple, Togetsukyo Bridge and the Osaka City in Osaka. They are 500 years or above but they all look new to me. It is because of their public awareness as Japanese are determined to protect all cultural heritage. I think Hong Kong needs to do the same in this area.

Technology

The technology in Osaka is better than Hong Kong because we could see the newest technology in Japan which we have never seen in Hong Kong, like the Grand Front Osaka, it's called the "Capital of Knowledge".

The tour guide also explained to us about how glorious the history of Panasonic was dated back twenty years ago. In the Panasonic Museum Konosuke Matsushita History Museum, I could still recall seeing the first Panasonic TV which was very big and heavy. But now, the TV that we could is slim and light, it is really interesting. We also went to the Osaka City Environment Bureau Mai Plant and it is a very beautiful incineration plant with a steam generator, this generator could produce electricity for the whole factory complex's usage. This factory is eco-friendly and it is beneficial for the environment.

Reflection

I have learned a lot from this study tour, particularly the Japanese being very polite and patient. While we were leaving the Sakaiko Power Station, the staff bowed to us and waved to us until our car completely went out from the gate and they bowed to us again to say farewell. When we were on the streets blocking other people, they would wait until we walked away. I think we need to try our best to be polite and patient too .

I had a good learning experience in the Osaka City Abeno Life Safety

Learning Center.We could feel experience the similar feeling of how the

earthquakes would make the citizens feel. I felt surprised because

I don't see earthquakes as big problems when I was young, I now consider earthquakes as having much more destructive power and it can damage all the buildings instantly. I think this tour certainly has broadened my knowledge about earthquakes, local cultures and technology.







Tam Choi Tung

Culture

The cultures of Hong Kong and Japan are different. The Japanese have their own characteristics in daily life and architecture. For example, Kiyomizu-dera, Kinkaku-ji, Togetsukyō Bridge, Bamboo groves, Shinsaibashi. These are the famous places of Japan.

For the daily life of Japanese, we can find out that they are polite as we could see from their behaviour. When we were buying souvenirs, the salesman always served us with a smile. I think we need to learn the good behaviour and politeness from them. Furthermore, the tour guide told us not to use fingers to point at others in Japan as this is impolite. I think this tradition is very special and interesting.

For the tourist spots of Japan, Bamboo groves would be my favourite place. Bamboo groves are closely related to the Japanese, such as life, industry, art and so on. Bamboo is a symbol of Japan's cultural attraction. Bamboo groves are often used as patterns in Japanese painting.

Technology

The technology of Japan is advanced. There have many new technological inventions that I have never seen it. For example, the Sakaiko Power Station, Ōsaka Ichi Kankyō

Kyoku Maeshima Seisō Kōjō and Osaka City Abeno Life Safety Learning Center. Also, we visited the Konosuke Matsushita Museum and knew about the found of Panasonic. Furthermore, we visited the lab. inside the Grand Front Osaka.

I think the Lab inside the Grand Front Osaka is the most interesting part of their latest technology. It is about the new technology which will be useful for us in the future. My favourite part of the technology is the Open Innovation Laboratory. Open Innovation Laboratory is a department that focuses on advanced technology around the world, brings up ideas for new services with external enterprises and implement these ideas into real life situations.

Reflection

During this tour, I have learned of many different cultural differences and technological development about Japan. My favourite place of this tour in Japan is the Bamboo groves. This is the most beautiful place that I have ever seen and there is no place like the Bamboo groves. I felt very excited about this tour and I love it so much. I hope I can join some similar tours like this one in the future.

Ng Ka Ching

Culture

After I have visited Kiyomizu-dera, I knew the culture of Kiyomizu-dera is related to the traditional culture of Japan, for example, Noh. Noh would be held in the temple on some special days. Lots of people could worship the Buddha there to bless themselves as they believe in Buddhism. Therefore, I have discovered that most of the Japanese are superstitious and they believe in different gods.

I have visited Osaka Castle Park and there is a main tower which a Japanese general, Toyotomi Hideyoshi, built. This was the cultural heritage of the feudalism age. It also shows the history of that time such as Osaka Castle Park had been burned in 150 years ago.

Technology

The Sakaiko Power Station is a powerful electric power station in Osaka. It uses 1500 °C fire, gas and steam to generate electricity. It is powerful as it could produce 400000 kw for companies and citizens

to use. Because of the air pollution produced from the previous generation, the station have set up some environmental-friendly policies to protect their environment. For example, planting trees around the station, recycling the steam and removing harmful gas, etc.

The technology of Sakaiko Power Station is advanced since it reduces the speed of global warming growth.

Konosuke Matsushita Museum is a museum that introduces history and philosophy of Konosuke Matsushita and Panasonic products. Konosuke decided to invent an ideal, trouble-free radio. He encouraged the engineers to be confident, too. Three months later, they created the 'three-tube radio' and won a first prize.

Reflection

After going on the Japan study tour, I have learned the Japanese culture and their technological development.

This not only led me to explore more knowledge, but also made me realize that Japan is an environmental, a polite and considerate country, such as Japanese would not litter, they respect others and are helpful to everyone even in some insignificant problems. I feel shocked and amazed about this as I didn't know much about that before. Eventually, I am proud that I could join the study tour because I have gained lots of wisdom which are beyond lessons or books. I hope that I could participate in more study tours to enhance my knowledge of different countries and experience other cultures.







Wu Chun Hei, Tom

Culture

In Kyoto, there are many beautiful buildings like The Golden Pavilion Temple, Kiyomizu Temple, Togetsukyo Bridge, the Osaka City. All of these buildings age 450 years or above, but they all look new to me.

Technology

The technology in Osaka is amazing as we visited Grand Front Osaka and there was a shop called Lap where we could witness the latest technology. We also listened in details about the background of the Panasonic Museum and Konosuke Matsushita History Museum as we could get closer to look at the first Panasonic TV.

Reflection

What I have learned from this study tour was that Japanese cultures respect very much on being nice and patient to others. We once saw a staff in the hotel and the staff patiently spoke English with us. When we were on the street, they gave way to us, too.

We had a good experience in Japan while we were interacting with the locals. We could feel that Japan is a nice place to live in and it was memorable for us as we could make the takoyaki together. It is a delicacy and I think it's very yummy. The whole environment in Japan is well protected as they use the wind, heat from the sun to produce energy. I think this tour has helped us to understand a lot about the Japanese culture and the technology.





Leung Yiu Lun, Alan

Culture

I think the culture of Japan is very different from Hong Kong. Although we share some similarities originated from the Confucian traditional teachings and core values, over time the

Japanese have transformed and passed some important down to the generations until now, such as they would always say 'thank you' to others, they would clean up the room, the desk willingly by themselves. This is an excellent virtue that we should continue to demonstrate in our traditional Chinese cultures.

Technology

I think the most interesting part to me would be about

Panasonic, a famous and very popular company in Japan. Most Hong Kong people buy electronics there and it is a successful company. Also, there is a power station in Osaka that I visited during this study tour, I think it is very environmentally friendly because it won't pollute our world, but the power station of Hong Kong would cause air pollution and I hope that we could make use of the knowledge to improve our air quality.

Reflection

I have learned that Japanese are the most polite people in the world because they were taught to behave like this at a very young age.

I like Japan because I like their food, their sense of creativity and their cultures. I like Anime the most and I think this is why Japanese can apply their creativity in daily life and also in the areas of technological development.





Chung Man Hei

Culture

I have learnt some major Japanese culture differences during the visit, especially about their beliefs. There are three types of spring water, which symbolise health, wealth and beauty in the Kiyoshi Temple. Some visitors and I may think that the best way is to drink all types of spring water but this belief is wrong. We can choose one or two types of spring water to drink only. If we drink all three types of spring water, it won't bring luck in wealth, health or beauty.

There are two iron columns in Kiyoshi Temple. It has a belief that you will get luck in wealth if you can lift up the heaviest iron column. You also can get luck in academic results if you can lift up the lightest iron column.

We worshipped the Goddess of Mercy only in Kinkaku. In Hong Kong, we usually worship on bended knees. But it's different in Japan. The people in Japan only kneel when they grief.

Technology

We have visited the Sakaiko Power Station during the trip. There are too many renewable sources can be used for generating electricity such as hydroelectric power, solar power and etc. The Sakaiko Power Station is one of the biggest thermal power plants. I know that the process of generating electricity is by using thermal power and the generating capacity can be up to 400000 kW.

Reflection

I have enjoyed this Japan Study Tour very much and I have gained some knowledge about some new technology as well as the cultural differences of culture between

Hong Kong and Japan. This knowledge cannot found from reading books. It is a great trip for

learning. Also, I feel very proud that I could have had this chance to join a study tour with some classmates and teachers. This trip has given me an unforgettable experience!



Chan Hoi Ying, Cherry

Culture

The Japanese cultures have a strong influence from their traditional beliefs.

We recalled how we were shown to the different types of Spring water in the temple and learnt of the ways how the Japanese would ask for the blessings in the temple.

Technology

The Japanese technological development has been successful for these 40 years and it has shown to us that they are careful in planning the use of power as they are concerned about the environment and try their best to make use of thermal power in their power plants.

Reflection

This tour has given me a lot of knowledge about the background of a successful economy and how we could benefit our society by learning from the merits of Japanese cultures, such as, patience and politeness.







Yeung Ching

Culture

There are quite a lot of cultural differences between Japan and Hong Kong. In Japan, people don't use their fingers to point at others.

Also, they don't argue with others about some minor things and they will not shout to people if someone stands at the centre of

the street. However, people in Hong Kong do the opposite.

Kiyomizu-dera, is an independent Buddhist temple. The main hall has a large veranda, supported by 139 tall pillars. Also, beneath the main hall is the Otowa waterfall, where three channels of water fall into a pond. Visitors can catch and drink the water, which is believed to have wish-granting power.

Arashiyama is a district on the western outskirts of Kyoto. Arashiyama is a nationally designated Historic Site and place of scenic beauty. In spring, many tourists come to Arashiyama as the cherry blossom is beautiful. Also in Autumn, the leaves become red and many tourist will take photos.



In Hong Kong, many families use electronics products imported from Japan. However, do you know which one is the most popular? I think that is Panasonic. Panasonic started in 1918 and was first opened by Konosuke. He made the first Attachment Plug for sale. Also, he set up the Konosuke Matsushita Museum to let people know more about Panasonic's history and how lives have changed greatly from the past.

I admire the newest technology in the mall of Osaka which is called The Lab. We witnessed the newest technology that is made by university, school or company. My favorite technology in the Lab is Virtual Fitting. It is created by Digital Fashion Ltd. This Virtual Fitting allows you to try on the clothes, virtually in the display. The CG clothes of my choice correspond with my motion when I shift or move my body.

Reflection

After this Japan study tour, I think Japan is a clean place that I've never seen before. Also, I have learned the history of Japan in a lively way and not just from the books. I think Japan study tour is an amazing trip that I would never forget.

I hope I can join a study trip like this again in the future.













Technology and Culture Study Tour in Japan 2016-2017

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